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Stockholm, April 2, O. S.

HIS Swediſh Majeſty is at preſent recovered of his late Attack of the Gravel, and appeared Yeſterday in Publick. On Friday laſt his Swediſh Majeſty was pleaſed to confer on Colonel Ungern, the Marſhal of the laſt Diet, the Command of the Regiment of Horſe, which was late Lieutenant-General Count Spence's. Yeſterday the Prince Succeſſor and the Princeſs his Conſort removed from hence to Ulrickſthal, where their Royal Highneſſes propoſe to perform their Eaſter Devotions.

Naples, March 16. The King's Frigate is fitting out, in order, as is ſaid, to cruize on the Adriatick Sea, together with one of the two large Row Boats, which are to be launched on the 23d Inſtant. Four Tranſport Veſſels have been ſent from this Port, two to the Preſidii, and two to Gaeta, to bring over hither Ammunition and Military Stores. The Train of Artillery for the Spaniſh Army, it is thought, will be embarked on the Tranſports by the latter End of this Week; each Tranſport is to receive three Pieces of Cannon with their Carriages, Ammunition and Stores belonging to them.

Naples, March 23. On the 17th the Commiſſion of the Diffidents held their Court, when Sentence was read againſt the Duke of Verzino, Francis Salazar, and four other Perſons. They were condemned to Death as Rebels, being convicted of an Attachment to the Enemy's Party, and their Eſtates, Goods, &c. confiſcated. The ſame Day three other ſuſpected Perſons were impriſoned by Order of the ſaid Commiſſion, whereof two were Dominican Fryers from Calabria. The Spaniſh Officers, ſent hither by M. de Gages, are conſtantly aſſiſting at this Arſenal, in getting ready a large Train of Artillery for the Spaniſh Army.

Rome, March 20. The City of Nocera having continued their Repreſentations to the Pope, ſetting forth the Damages which that Republick had received in the late Surprize, which a large Detachment of Spaniards attempted on Count Soro and his Party, the Pope has granted to them a Deduction of 2000 Crowns per Annum, out of the Revenues which they pay to the Eccleſiaſtical Chamber. On the 14th Inſtant Cardinal Acquaviva received a Courier from M. de Gages, with Directions to ſend all the Spaniſh Officers and Soldiers that are in Rome to join his Army. On the 18th the laſt Diviſion of the Neapolitan Horſe and Foot paſſed by Monte Rotondo, on their March to join M. de Gages.

Rome, March 27. The Pope has ſent his Credentials and Inſtructions to M. Stoppani, as his Nuncio Extraordinary to the Diet, for the Election of a new Emperor. On the 23d the Pope ordered the Diſmiſſion of the Guard at the Gates of this City, and cauſed the Gates of St. Panerazio, St. Sebaſtiano, St. Lorenzo, &c. to be opened as uſual.

Turin, March 27. Commodore Osborne, on board his Britannick Majeſty's Ship the Eſſex, is arrived at Vado, and has taken the Command of the Squadron on the Genoeſe Coaſt, which conſiſts of ſix 70 Gun Ships, four of 50, and three of 40. He propoſed to go on a Cruize to the Weſtward, as ſoon as the Ships had taken in their Wood and Water. The King of Sardinia and this whole Court are under the greateſt Affliction, for the Loſs of the Duke d'Aoſte his Sardinian Majeſty's Second Son, who died the Night before laſt of a lingering Illneſs, proceeding from the Scurvey. He was about five Years old, but ſeemed to be a very promiſing Prince.

Turin, April 3. By our laſt Letters from the Romagna we are informed, that M. de Gages was come forward as far as Fano and Peſaro, and that an advanced Party of his Cavalry had appeared at La Catolica, where there had been a Skirmiſh between them and ſome Auſtrian Huſſars, to the Diſadvantage of the latter, Part of them having been taken Priſoners of War. Prince Lobcowitz has moved forwards from Imola as far as Ceſena, with a Deſign, as is given out, to make a Stand at Forlimpopoli.

Florence, March 30. On the 22d the Avant Guard of the Spaniſh Army arrived at Fano, where the Whole now is, except ſome Piquets of their Miquelets, who are extended to Peſaro, between whom and the Auſtrian Huſſars Skirmiſhes frequently happen. The Spaniards ſeem to wait the Arrival of the reſt of the Neapolitan Troops, which were to be 15 Battalions and nine Squadrons. Both among theſe latter and the Spaniards the Deſertion has been very conſiderable during their March, and many daily arrive here. Prince Lobcowitz had given Orders for all his Troops to be ready to march, and has removed his Head Quarters to Ceſena, to be at Hand to obſerve the Motions of the Enemy. The Auſtrian General detached, in Time, a large Party of Huſſars to Foſſombrone, Peſaro, Fano, &c. where, and particularly at the firſt of theſe Places, he had great Magazines; but, as it was impoſſible to tranſport the Hay and Straw, they ſet Fire to them, and removed by Water the Grain of all Sorts and the Flower, ſo that the Spaniards will find great Difficulty to get Subſiſtence, except what they receive by the Adriatick, either from the Roman Coaſts, or the Kingdom of Naples. At the latter Place a great Number of large Cannon, Bombs and military Stores were embarking on Tartans and ſmall Veſſels for the Uſe of the Spaniſh Army, which were to proceed to ſome Port in the Adriatick. From Lombardy we are informed, that a Notification has been publiſhed at Milan, whereby

whereby the Queen of Hungary joins to that Government the States of Mantua, Parma, and the remaining Part of that of Placentia.

Bern, March 31, *N. S.* M. de la Ravoye, the French Governor of Conſtance, has now carried off almoſt all the Artillery and Ammunition belonging to the Arſenal of that City, and ſent it to Huningue through the Forreſt Towns. He has ſince asked and obtained Leave of the Canton of Schaffhauſen to tranſport through their Territory by Water all the ſuperfluous Proviſions he had amaſſed of Corn, Flower, &c. The French Troops that have had their Winter Quarters, and ſtill remain in Suabia and the Dutchy of Wirtemberg, are preparing to retire from thence. In the mean Time they exact what Contributions are in Arrear with the utmoſt Severity; and there are ſome Villages in the County of Nellembourg, where the poor Pariſhoners have been obliged to pawn their Church Bells to make up the Sums impoſed upon them. The City of Ulm continues under great Apprehenſions on Account of the Neighbourhood of the French Troops; and the Duke of Wirtemberg is actually raiſing in his Dutchy, with the utmoſt Expedition, a new Regiment for the Service of the Circle. The Pruſſian Envoy at Stutgard has left that Court on a ſudden, and is ſet out for Ulm with new Propoſals to the Circle from the King his Maſter.

Bern, April 7. Some Recruits for the Dutch Service, with their Officers, who had long waited at Schaffhauſen for a Paſſage to their Regiments in Holland, have taken Advantage of a Motion which the French Troops in Suabia have made within theſe few Days, and have paſſed unmoleſted.

Genoa, April 3. The Spaniſh Army under the Command of the Marquis Caſtellar, is expected to be in Motion every Day. They have juſt received a large Reinforcement, by the Arrival at Villa Franca of 34 Sail of Barks and Shebecks full of Troops. The Cavalry which were in Savoy are in March to join them; and it is apprehended they have a Deſign to begin the Campaign very ſoon. Laſt Week arrived a Caravan of 53 Mules from Spain, loaden with 300,000 Dollars, which was delivered to the Spaniſh Poſt-maſter. And this Morning arrived another Caravan from Spain with 250,000 Dollars. This Republick continues her military Preparations with extraordinary Vigour, and is daily increaſing the Fortifications towards the Sea, and they now talk of forming a Camp about Novi. They have made a Contract for 1000 Carriage Mules, conditionally that they ſhall be at their Diſpoſal till the Month of June; and if they do not make Uſe of them in that Time, the Contract expires, and the Republick loſes 26000 Livres. Theſe Contractors have alſo undertaken to ſupply the Spaniſh Army at Oneille, Nice, and Villa Franca. This Republick expect, it is ſaid, 2000 Griſons, who have agreed to enter into their Service. Two Days ago Orders were given to levy ſix Companies of Grenadiers, and ſix Noblemen were nominated to be Captains of them. They are to have the Motto upon their Caps *pro Patria*. Four Days ago arrived Lieutenant General Cecill, a Flanderkin, formerly in the Spaniſh Service; he is to have the Command in Chief of the Republick's Troops, with an Allowance of 30000 Livres a Year during the War, and afterwards they are to allow him 10000 Livres a Year for Life.

Extract of a Letter from the Body of Inſurgents in Sileſia, April 9.

The Commanding General Count Joſeph Eſterhaſi having on the 6th Inſtant ordered General Caroli to obſerve the Enemy, and the latter having heard that they were in Roſenberg, he attacked them with the Inſurgents on the 8th with ſo much Bravery, that the Pruſſians were obliged to abandon the Suburbs, and retire into the Town; upon which the ſaid General cauſed two Companies of his Troops to diſmount, and obliged the Enemy to quit the Town alſo, and to retire into an incloſed Garden, where they capitulated. The Officers to march out with their Baggage and Arms, but the reſt without any Signs of Honour, and to be obliged not to ſerve againſt the Queen for a whole Year. Juſt as the Capitulation was going to be ſigned, a Lieutenant Colonel came up with a Succour, but they were ſo vigorouſly attacked by the Inſurgents, that they were obliged to ask for Quarter, and to give themſelves up Priſoners of War. The firſt who capitulated conſiſted in three Companies of Infantry, and two Squadrons of Huſſars, with two Pieces of Cannon; the latter in 200 Men, partly Infantry, and partly Huſſars, with one Cannon. The Pruſſians, in ſetting Fire to the Magazine, ſet the whole Town on Fire.

Vienna, April 14, *N. S.* Amongſt the Priſoners taken at Iſſyreck are as many Heſſians, as, with thoſe taken at Vilſhofen and elſewhere, amounts to the Number of three Regiments. A pretty good Magazine was found at Iſſyreck, a much more conſiderable one at Straubing, but the greateſt of all fell into Count Bathiani's Hands at Landſhut.

Berlin, April 20, *N. S.* We hear from Sileſia, that a Corps of Inſurgents has ſurpriſed and cut to Pieces a Pruſſian Detachment of four Companies of Foot, and a Squadron of Huſſars at Roſenberg, on the other Side the Oder, and burnt the Suburbs of that Town. The Artillery which was embarked on Saturday laſt, conſiſts of 28 Pieces of Cannon, to which a like Number will be added at Magdebourg. They are making here 4000 Cannon Balls from 6 to 18 and 24 Pounders, and there are 28 Carriages beſides laden with warlike Stores. The Regiments of Foot will march from hence upon the 23d of this Month: One of thoſe which are to form the Camp at Magdebourg, viz. the Prince of Darmſtadt's, conſiſts of three Battalions, of which the Garriſon of this Town is at preſent compoſed, ſo that upon their Departure there will be only one Battalion of Krocher's, and one of Bredow's Regiment to garriſon both this Place and Stettin. Baron Gerſdorff, the late Saxon Miniſter in Ruſſia, arrived here on Saturday laſt in his Way from Petersbourg to Dreſden.

Copenhagen, March 20, *N. S.* This Court ſeems to be already upon the Point of removing into the Country, in order to enjoy as much as poſſible of the fine Seaſon, before the Princeſs's Lying in obliges them to return to Town. As the Duke and Dutcheſs of Wirtemberg-Oels are going into Germany to take Poſſeſſion of the Succeſſion of Bernſtadt, the Queen of Denmark has preſented the Dutcheſs with a magnificent Suit, Cloth of Silver flower'd with Pearls, to wear at her Appearance there in State. His Daniſh Majeſty has alſo given Lands in the County of Oldenburg, about the Value of 20000 Rix-dollars, to M. Von der Often, Privy Counſel-

lor,

lor, Comptroller of the Sound Duties, and President of the Chamber of Finances.

Mentz, April 22. The French in this Neighbourhood have continued to repaſs the Rhine, to the Amount of ſix Thouſand Men, and Duke d'Aremberg continues his March towards Neuwied. The French extend themſelves from the Mouth of the Lahne to Konigſtein, and even to Aſchaffenburgh, and have ſent 800 Men into the Principality of Fulde, where they have required 350,000 Rations from the Abbot of the People of that Country. They have alſo demanded 60,000 Rations in the County of Hanau. M. Maillebois is ſet out for Italy, and General Loewendahl for Flanders. The Prince of Conti will arrive To-Day or To-morrow at Francfort, accompanied by the Marquis de Fenelon, who is to ſerve in this Army at the Prince's Requeſt. The French have aſſembled all their Force which they have in the Circle of Swabia, and extend themſelves upon the Neckar, from the Neighbourhood of Heidelberg beyond Hailbron, where they would willingly have taken Poſt; but the Garriſon is reinforced, and the Circle has refuſed them Entrance into that Fortreſs. The French pretend, that this Corps conſiſts of 15,000 Men, but by other Accounts they do not amount to more than 8 or 9000. By Letters from Augsburgh and Munich we learn with Certainty, that the French and Palatin Troops in Bavaria, commanded by M. de Segur, were entirely defeated and diſperſed, on the 15th Inſtant, by General Bathiani, at Pfaffenhoven, a few Leagues from Ingoldſtadt.

Hague, April 27, N. S. The News of the Victory gained by the Auſtrians over the French and Palatins near Pfaffenhoven on the 15th Inſtant is confirmed from ſeveral Quarters. As yet indeed no particular nor minute Relation of that Advantage has reached this Place; but to judge by the Enemy's Loſs of all their Artillery and Baggage, M. de Segur the French General's being made Priſoner, M. de Rupelmonde killed, and M. Zaſtrow, the Palatin General, wounded, it muſt have been a very bloody and deciſive Action. A Courier juſt arrived from Bonn, has brought us the important News, of the Concluſion of the Accommodation between the Queen of Hungary and the Elector of Bavaria; but the Conditions of this Accommodation are yet unknown here. There is a flying Report of the Auſtrians having come up with and entirely routed the Remnant of the French and Palatin Corps on the 16th or 17th, in the Neighbourhood of Donawert.

Whitehall, April 20.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint his Grace John Duke of Bedford, the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, Archibald Hamilton, Eſq; commonly called Lord Archibald Hamilton, and Vere Beauclerk, Eſq; commonly called Lord Vere Beauclerk, George Anſon, and George Greenville, Eſqrs. together with Henry Legge, Eſq; to be Commiſſioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and all the Dominions, Iſlands and Territories thereunto reſpectively belonging.

Whitehall, April 20.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint William Popple, Eſq; to be Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over all thoſe Iſlands and Plantations in America, commonly called the Bermuda or Summer Iſlands.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant unto John Phillipſon, Eſq; the Office or Offices of Surveyor General of his Majeſty's Woods on the North and South Sides of the River Trent.

Whitehall, April 16, 1745.

Whereas an anonymous Letter, dated the 6th of this Inſtant April, and directed, To William Sheppard, was found at the Door of the ſaid Mr. William Sheppard's Dwelling-houſe in Froome in the County of Somerſet, on Monday the 8th of this Inſtant April, threatning to burn and deſtroy the Houſes and Goods of him the ſaid William Sheppard and his Brother, and alſo the Lives of ſeveral Hundred Perſons, who are not named in the ſaid Letter, unleſs three Perſons, who had been lately committed to Priſon for their riotous and diſorderly Behaviour, were immediately releaſed: And whereas the Life of the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Viſcount Weymouth, who committed them, was threatned in the ſaid Letter to be taken away before Eaſter next; His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in ſending or writing the abovementioned Letter, is graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe his Pardon to any one of them who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HARRINGTON.

And as a farther Encouragement, The Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Weymouth does hereby promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, to be paid upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

WEYMOUTH.

And the Church Wardens of Froome in the County of Somerſet aforeſaid, for the Time being, do alſo promiſe to pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, upon Conviction, to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as is abovementioned.

William Barton, Joſeph Cleevey, } *Church-Wardens.*

By the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy.

Theſe are to give Notice, that on Thurſday the 25th Inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale at this Office, in Purſuance of Orders on that Behalf, the Hull of His Majeſty's Sloop the Spy, with her Maſts, Yards, Sails, and other Particulars that are to be ſold with her, as ſhe now lies at His Majeſty's Yard at Portſmouth; where ſhe may be viewed by ſuch Perſons as are willing to attend the ſaid Sale, and bid for her.

Dated at the Navy-Office, April 12, 1745.

Briſtol, April 13, 1745.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen that were on Board His Majeſty's Ship Portmahone at the Taking of the New Alliance, That the Prize-Money will be paid to the reſpective Claimants on Thurſday the 25th of this Inſtant, on Board His Majeſty's ſaid Ship in Kingroad; and on every following Thurſday, from Nine till Twelve in the Forenoon, at the Warehouſe of Joſeph Hes, Eſq; behind his Houſe in Queen Square: And if the ſaid Ship ſhould ſail for Plymouth, before the 25th Inſtant, then the ſaid Prize-Money to be paid either on board the ſaid Ship at Plymouth, or at the Houſe of Mr. Richard Hicks, Merchant there, on Thurſday the 16th of May next.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of his Majeſty's Ship the Monmouth, late commanded by Capt. Charles Windham, who were on board at the taking the St. Joachim Prize, that a ſecond Dividend will be made by the Agents, at the Navy Coffee-Houſe in Cruchbit Friers, on Tueſday the 21ſt of May 1745, at Nine of the Clock in the Morning, and every firſt Tueſday in the Month for three Years after.

Hand-in-Hand Fire-Office.

The Directors give Notice, that a General Meeting of the Members of the ſaid Society will be held at their Office in Angel Court on Snow-hill, on Thurſday the 9th of May next, by Three in the Afternoon; where all who have inſured, are deſired to be preſent.